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will be assisted by the most competent Professors in every department.

A French lady, recently from Paris, is engaged as a resident governess, and every means will be used to accomplish her pupils in that language.

Three squares. 1 year. 15 00
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A French lady, recently from Paris, is engaged as a resident governess, and every means will be taught in various and elegant styles.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

"My friend, Miss Brooke, is a most estimable lady, of great intelligence, whose qualifiations as a teacher, and whose accomplishments in English literature, entitle her to high consideration.

A LONZO POTTER."

first three insertions, and twenty-five cents for Letters on business should be addressed to John Shaw, Sentinel office, Washington.

All advertising for a less time than three months,

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BY RAILROAD DIRECT THE WEST.

Time between Washington and Wheelin but 17 1-2 hours! Running time between Washington and Cincin nati 27 hours!! Through Tickets and Baggage Checks o be had in Washington!!

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD HAVING greatly improved its Western connections now offers the fullest inducements to travellers between Washington, Baltimore, and all portions of the West, the Northwes

more, and all portions of the West, the Northwes and the Southwest.

The connection between the trains from Washington and the trains bound west from Baltimore is always promptly made at the Washington Junction (lately called the Relay House) 9 miles from Baltimore. This is the only change of cars required between Washington and the Ohio river. Baggage is checked through to Wheeling at the Washington station, and rechecked and transferred there, (with the passengers) without charge, for those holding through tickets for points beyond. The connecting trains leave Washington daily at 6 a.m. and 4½ p.m. On Sundays at the latter hour only.

ning from Bellairre on the Ohio, near Wheeling, through Cambridge, Zanesville and Newark to COLUMBUS. These trains connect at Newark with the cars of the Newark, Mansfield and Sand. nsky Railroad for Sandusky. Toledo, Detroit,

Chicago, St. Louis, etc.

At Columbus the C. O. Railroad trains connect with the fast trains of the Little Miami Railroad to Xenia, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, etc. At

to Xenia, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, etc. At Xenia (on Little Miami Railroad) connection, is formed with the trains through Dayton, to INDI ANAPOLIS, Terre Haute, Lafayette, Chicaga Rock Island, St. Louis, etc.

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FARE BY THROUGH TICKET FROM FARE BY THROUGH TICKET FROM WASHINGTON: To Wheeling, \$9 50; Columbus, \$13 65; Dayton, \$15 50; Cincinnati, \$16; Louis vi.le, by railroad, \$18 65; by steamer from Cincinati, \$18; Indianapolis, \$17 50; Cleveland, \$12 15; 10 ledo, \$15 80; Detioit, \$15 20; Chicago \$20 65 and \$19 50; St. Louis, \$25 50 and \$25; Memphis.

RY, MARTINSBURG, BERKLEY SPRINGS, CUMBERLAND, BEDFORD SPRINGS, Piedmont, Oakland, and Fairmount, passengers may leave Washington at 6 a. m. or 44 p. m. For the minor way stations between Baltimore and Wheelmg, take 6 a. m. train from Washington.

To For trains to and from Baltimore, Annapolis,

setc., see special advertisements.

ID For further information, through tickets, &c., apply to THOS. H. PARSONS, Agent at Washington Station. JOHN H. DONE,

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THE TRAINS
Leave Washington at 6 and St a. m., and 3 and

4½ p. m. Leave Baltimore at 4½ and 9½ a. m., and 3 and 5½ p. m. On Sundays the only train from Baltimore is that leaving at 4½ a. m., and from Washington at 41 p. m. May 5—tf.

T. H. PARSONS, Agent A RUDIMENTARY AND PRACTICAL Treatise on Perspective for beginners, sim-

plined for the use of juvenile students and amaeurs in architecture, painting, &c.; also adapted or schools and private instructors, fourth edition, revised and enlarged, by George Payne, artist; eighty-six illustrations, 75 cents.

Rudiments of the Art of Building, in five sections, viz: 1. General principles of construction; 2. Materials used in building; 3. Strength of materials; 4. Use of materials; 5. Working drawings, specifications, and estimates, illustrated with 111 woodcuts, by Edward Dobson, author of the Railways of Beigium, &c.

Elements of Mechanism, elucidating the scientific principles of the practical construction of machines, for the use of schools and students in mechanical engineering, with numerous speci-

mechanical engineering, with numerous speci mens of modern machines remarkable for their utility and ingenuity, illustrated with 243 engrav-ngs, by T. Baker, author of Railway Engineering

Just received, and for sale at the Bookstore o R. FARNHAM, corner of 11th street and Penn

Brown, Stanton, and Walker.

M. T. BROWN, FRED. P. STANTON, and J. KNOX WALKER, have formed a partnership for practising law in the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Court of Claims in Washington, and in the Courts of Tennessee. Offices in Washington and Memphis. One of the parties will always be found at either place, and letters addressed to them will receive prompt attention.

April 21—tfeod

RAPPAHANNOCK ACADEMY. OR LEASE OR RENT.-The subscri-

L' ber having determined to discontinue teaching school, offers for Lease or Rent the Rappa ing school, offers for Lease or Rent the Rappahannock Academy, which he wishes to dispose of
for the next four years. There has been a school
at the place for forty years. It is situated seven
teen miles below Fredericksborg, immediately on
the road between that place and Port Royal.
The locality can be surpassed by none for beauty
or healthfulness, is supplied with all necessary
buildings, which are in good repair and will accommodate seventy borders.

Teachers wishing to keep a boarding school,
will do well by calling to see the place before
bargaining elsewhere.

bargaining elsewhere.

Address the subscriber at Port Royal, Caroline county, Virginia.

Nov. 27— THOMAS R THORNTON

WASHINGTON SENTINEL.

VOL. 3.

TRI-WEEKLY.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1856.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

MISS BROOKE, from Philadelphia, will open her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young Ladies, on Monday, September 10th, 1855, at No. 138, Penn. Avenue, corner of Seven Buildings and 19th street. Miss BROOKE will be assisted by the most competent Profes-

"Miss Brooke is well known to me as a lady who is entirely capable of conducting successfully the education of young ladies, and in every way worthy of the patronage of parents.

A. DALLAS BACHE." The Right Rev ALONZO POTTER, D. D.,

LL. D.,
Right Rev. G. W. DOANE, D. D., LL. D.
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Survey.
Professor JOSEPH HENRY, See'y of Smithoian Institution. Gen. JOHN MASON, Washington, D. C. WILLIAM W. CORCORAN, Esq. "
JOHN S. MEEHAN, Esq., Librarian to Con

Hon. JAMES CAMPBELL, P. M. General. Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Chief Justice of the S Court, Pa.
Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Associate Judge f the S. Court of Penna. Hon. GEORGE VAIL, M. C., N. Jersey. Lieut. M. F. MAURY, LL. D., U. S. Obs

tory.

Circulars stating the terms to be had at the principal Book Stores, or of Miss Brooke, No

JOYCE'S TASTELESS SOLUTION Of Copaiba! 114 Chambers Street, N. Y. TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

CENTLEMEN.—The valuable medicinal properties of Balsam Copaiba have long been recognized by the faculty, but the great disadvantage arising from its nauseous taste has hitherte prevented its administration in many diseases for which it is particularly adapted. The usual "modus operandi" of prescribing it, either in the form of an Emulsion or Gelatinous Cappales has not been found satisfactory, being liable. sules, has not been found satisfactory, being liable to some objection, either from the difficulty expe renced by some individuals in the deglutition of the Capsule or the small quantity of Copaiba gen-erally found in the Emulsion.

Joyce's tasteless solution of Copaiba is the most unique preparation yet introduced to the

medical profession, as it contains 50 per cent. of the pure-t Para Copaiba, without taste or smell, and at same time mixes clearly and freely with water, and is pronounced by the most eminent physicians and analytical chemists in the old and new worlds to contain all the medicinal proper-ties of Balsam Copaiba without its disagreable

characteristics.
It is an efficient preparation for all diseases of

Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez, New Orleans etc. which are also sold at Washington, are transferred at Cincinnati to the Mail Steamers on the Ohio Tickets for Evansville, Cairo, and St. Louis are sold by this route.

1. FOR CLEVELAND, and via Cleveland to Toledo, Detroit, Caicago, etc., tickets are sold, when the Ohio is navigable between Wheeling and Wellsville (forty miles) where a connection with the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad is made.

Travellers are requested to notice that while this is the only route affording through tickets and checks in Washington, it is also the shortest, most speedy, and direct to nearly all the leading points in the great West. The distance from Washing.

It is an efficient preparation for all diseases of the mucous membranes, and particularly Gonorheea, Leucorrhoea, Gleet, paintul hemorrhoida affections, and in chronic irritation of the bladder. Sold in Washington wholesale, by

I. N. CALLAN,

and. retail by Messrs. C. Stott & Co., M. P.

Kings, Patterson & Nairn, Ford & Brothers, D. S. Dyson, J. B. Moore, Dr. W. B. Young, R. A. Payne, Bury & Co., Navy Yard; H. M.

McPherson, T. F. S. Walsh, V. Harbaugh Benjamin Frankin, — McIntire, Dr. S. E. Ty son, J. S. Lovejoy, J. W. Nairn, Wallace Elliott and John A. Milburn, and — Pierpoint, Alexandria.

Oct 5—6m

XTRA Heavy-plated Tea Sets, Albata Arka Heavy-plated Tea Sets, Al Forks, Spoons, &c.—M. W. Galt & ave just received a beautiful assortment of— Extra Plated Tea Sets, latest styles Castors, Cake Baskets, Card Trays, &c

Also, superior Albata Forks and Spoons.

The above are of the very best quality, and

M. W. GALT & BRO. ODERN LANGUAGES.—D. E. Groux,
a native of France, teacher of Modern Languages, especially French, Spanish, and GermanTranslations made with correctness and punctuiny. Professor of Numesmatics, for the classifi-ation and explanation of medals and coins.

Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between ad 7th streets, opposite Brown's Hetel. Furnished Rooms to rent at that place. NORTH AND SOUTH. by the author of "Mary Barton," "The Moorland Cottage," "Crawford," &c. 37½ cents.
Kings and Queens, or Life in the Palace, by John S. C. Abbott, new edition, just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM.

STONE QUARRY.—I am prepared to furnish from my quarry, opposite the Little Falls and adjoining the quarry of the late Timothy O'Neale, any quantity of stone that may be needed for building purposes. Apply to the undersigned at his house on H, between 19th and 20th streets, to the First ward, or to Mr. Paine, at the quarry. July 27 WILLIAM R. SCOTT.

THE FAILURE of Free Society.-Soci ology for the South, or the Failure of Free ciety, by George Fitzhugh. On sale at TAYLOR & MAURV'S

SCHONENBERG & THUN, GENERAL AMERICAN AND FOREIGN AGENCY, he Collection of Claims, the Procurement of Patents, Bounty Lands, and Pensions. BUREAU OF TRANSLATION

From the French, Spanish Italian, and German Languages, and for Topographical and other Drawings. No. 4951, 7th Street, Washington D. C.

BARTLETT'S AMERICAN EXPLORing Expedition.—Personal narrative of exporations and incidents in Texas, New Mexico
California, Sonora, and Chihuahua, i y J. R. Bart,
lett. United States Commissioner during that per
iod, in two volumes, with maps and illustrations.
The Hive of the Bee Hunter, a repository of
Sketches, including peculiar American character,
scenery, and rural sports, by T. B. Thorpe, author
o' Tom Owen, the Bee Hunters, &c., illustrated
by sketches from nature.

by sketches from nature.
Farmingdale, a novel, by Caroline Thomas.
Our Parish, or annals of Pastor and People. Just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM,

Corner of Penn. avenue and 11th st. THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN, Containing Hints to Sportsmen, Notes on Sport-ng, and the Habits of the Game Birds and Wild Fowl of America, by Elisha J. Lewis, M. D., with rumerous illustrations. For sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

EAVES from a Family Journal, from

the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of
"The Attic Philosopher in Paris.
Mrs.Jameson's Common-place Book of Thoughts,
Memories, and Fancies. R. FARNHAM, Corner 11th st. and l'enn. av

DRAYER BOOKS AND BIBLES. Just received a very large assortment of Prayer Books and Bibles, in all kind of bindings; the best assortment, perhaps, to be found in the

Also, a large assortment of English Books in History, Poetry, &c., and the best American edidistory, Poetry, descriptions on the same subjects.

R. FARNHAM,

Southern Book.—Origin of the Constitution; Incorporation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignty; History of Copartnership Territories from the Virginia Deed, 1784, to the Treaty with Mexico, 1848; Division of the Public Lands; Specific Duties; Origin and History of the Puritans; Origin and Cause of Trouble between the North and South, and Jeopardy of the Republic; Legal mode of Redress pointed out; by W. B. Davis, Wilmington, North Carolina Price Two Dollars.

Two Dollars.
On Sale at BISHOP'S Periodical Store, No. 216 Pennsylvania avenue, adjoining Willard's Hotel

LINGTON'S Bookstore—
The Dodd Family, by Charles Lever, author of

harles O'Malley.
Behind the Scenes, by Lady Bulwer Lytton.
The Lamplighter, one of the most fascinating The Lampingner, one.

Sooks ever written.

Everything in the Book, Newspaper, and Staonery line for sale at

JOE SHILLINGTON'S

Bookstore, Odeon Building, corner 41

street and Pa. avenue

TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND

TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND STRANGERS.

WATCHES.—Members of Congress and others in want of perfect timekeepers would do well to make their selections at once, in order to test their quality before feaving the city.

Our assortment for both Ladies and Gentlemen was never so complete as at present, embracing every description, which we offer unusually low.

M. W. GALT & BROTHER,
Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th streets.

Jan 18

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER and Plated Ware at Reduced Prices.—In anticipation of the approaching dull season, we offer our entire stock of elegant Gold Watches, Rich Jewelry, Pure Silverware, &c., at greatly reduced rates.

reduced rates.

Persons would do well to examine our assortment, which is by far the largest most fashionable and best selected ever offered to our customers.

M. W. GALT & BRO.,

324 Penn. avenue, between 8th and 9th streets.

H ARPER'S MAGAZINE for September is

The great Illustrated Magazine of Art for Sep-mber is one of the best that has been issued. Leslie's Ladies' Gazette for September contains the new Fall fashions.
The Knickerbocker Magazine for September Godey's Lady's Book, Graham's Magazine, and Putnam's Magazine, all for September, received

and for sale at SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore, TAKE NOTICE, of every description of Spectacles, from the lowest price to the very best quality used, and having been for a long time engaged in manufac-turing, and adjusting Glasses for the most difficult and defective visions, therefore can with confidence guarantee to benefit and improve the sight of all

Call at 418, Pennsylvania avenue, Sign of th arge Spread Eagle- A. O. HOOD. Feb 7 [Organ.] KID GLOVES.—A fresh supply of Gent's light-colored Kid Gloves at STEVENS'S
Feb 24—3tif Sales Room, Brown's Hotel.

TAYLOR & MAURY'S DOLLAR LETter balance, in universal use. Price \$1.
April 21 Bookstore, near 9th st.

TINDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS .-Under Shirts and Drawers this day opened, of the best quality and at low and uniform prices, at STEVENS'S Sales Room, Nov 15—3tif Brown's Hote

MERICAN ENGINEERING, Illus-A trated by branches of mechanical arts, stationary, marine, and locomotive engines, manufacturing machinery, printing presses, tools, grist, steam, saw, and rolling mills, from buildings, &c. of the newest and most improved construction, by G. Weissenborn, Civil Engineer; parts one and two now ready, \$1 each. Sole agents Washington, TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookstore, near 9th st.

MRS. JAMESON'S NEW BOOK.—A common-place book of Thoughts, Memo ries and Fancies, original and selected, by Mrs Jameson. Price 75 cents.

Leaves from a Family Journal, from the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of "the Attic Philosopher in Paris." Paper, 50 cents; cloth, 75

Theory and Practice of Landscape Painting in

water colors, illustrated by a series of 24 designs, colored diagrams of numerous wood cuts, with two extra plates of simultaneous contracts, by George Barnard. Price \$5.

Just received at
TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore, HISTORY OF GREECE,-A History of A Greece, from the earliest times to the Roman Conquest, with supplementary chapters on the History of Literature and Art. By Wm. Smith, LL. D., editor of the Dictionaries of "Greek and Roman Antiquities" "Biography and Mythology," and "Geography." With notes, and a continuation to the present time. By C. C. Felton, LL.D., Eliot Professor of Greek Literature in Harvard University.
The above work is intended principally for schools

of the higher classes. Just received and for sale at the Bookstore of R. FARNHAM, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 11th street. Aug 21. THE SONS OF THE SIRES, A HIStory of the Rise, Progress, and Destiny of the American Party, and its probable influence on the next Presidential election, to which is added a Review of the Letter of the Hon. Henry A. Wise against the Know-nothings, by an Ame-

The History of Mason and Dixon's Line, contained in an Address delivered by John H. B. Latrobe, of Maryland, before the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, November 8, 1854.

Mirana Elliot, or the Voice of the Spirit, by S.

Autobiography of Charles Caldwell, M. D. with Preface, Notes, and Appendix, by Harriet

Varner.
Just received and for sale by
R. FARNHAM, Corner of Penn. avenue and 11th street

A VALUABLE FARM IN VIRGINIA, (1,600 Acres) for Sale.—Having leased for a term of years, "The Fauquier White Sulphur Springs" to persons whose high reputation warrants the belief they will be kept in the best style, the undersigned now offers for sale the valuable form which surrounds the Sorrous

farm which surrounds the Springs.

It contains upwards of 450 acres of low grounds
—remarkable for extraordinary crops of corn, and
capable of being made the best possible mea .ws.
As part of this land yielded 100 busbels of a stagle

As part of this land yielded 100 bushels of a single acre, in 1853, the twelfth year of successive intration, without manure; and in 1854, bad as was the season, produced 70 bushels—the Farm is easily susceptible of division, and is certainly one of the best in Virginia.

Terms: One-third on the 1st of December next, and the balance in one and two years thereafter, with interest from date of delivery.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber by letters addressed to "Warrenton Springs, Virginia," or to Washington, D. C. or to Washington, D. C.
THOMAS GREEN. May 1--tf POCALYPTC SKETCHES. Lectures

A POCALYPTC SKETCHES.—Lectures
on the Book of Revelation by the Rev. John
Cumming, D. D.; 75 cents.
Benedictions, or the Blessed Lafe, by the Rev.
J. Cumming, D. D.; 75 cents.
School Books and School Requisites at the low-

How To Know who THE HACKMEN.

How The Hackmen who I have the Hackme

la case any stranger or other person feels himself aggrieved by any hack-driver, let him obtain the number of the hack. How to reach him with the law is hereafter pointed out.

RATES OF FARE ALLOWED BY LAW.—For each

When detained on route over five min-utes, driver to be allowed, in addi-tion, for each quarter of an hour de-

The above are the rates allowed between day break and 8 o'clock P. M. After 8 P. M. the rates of fare allowed are as follows:

three miles. 75
For detentions, for each quarter of an

RIGHTS OF PERSONS HIRING HACKS.—When more than two persons are in a hack the driver is not permitted to take up another passenger without the consent of persons already in his hack.

When any number of persons employ a hack the driver is not allowed to take up any other passenger, provided the occupant will pay him the fare of three persons.

Hackmen are allowed to receive a greater composition than is fixed by law if it be voluntarily

pensation than is fixed by law if it be voluntarily offered by the passenger; but if he receive the same without informing the passenger that it is greater than his legal fare, he is guilty of having demanded the illegal fare.

IN CASES OF REFUSAL BY HACKMEN TO TAKE PASSENGERS—Hackmen are required by law to carry

sknogers.—Hackmen are required by law to carry all passengers rendering them the legal fare, unless previously engaged for the time necessary to transport passengers offering him the fare, under a penalty of five dellars.

When a hackman shall refuse to take passen-

when a nackman shall refuse to take passen-gers, on the plea of a previous engagement, he is required to give the name and residence of the person by whom he is so engaged, under a penalty of five dollars. If it should appear that the plea of a previous

If it should appear that the plea of a previous engagement was a false one, or that the information of the pame and residence of the person given by the hackman was false, then the hackman incurs a penalty of five dollars.

PENALTY FOR DEMANDING ILLEGAL FARE.—The penalty for demanding a higher rate of fare for the transportation of passengers, is five dollars for each offence; and the person paying the illegal fare may recover back the amount over and above the sum allowed by law.

Where illegal fare is demanded or received of a stranger, or any person who shall not at the time

stranger, or any person who shall not at the time have resided twelve months in the city, the pen-alty for so doing is double, or ten dollars for each SLEIGHS.—The rates of fare and all the other con

ditions, terms, and penalties, prescribed by law for the regulation of hackney carriages, apply to all sleighs running for hire within the city of Washington.

Drivers.—No person under sixteen years of age is allowed by law to drive any back, cab, or sleigh for hire in this city, under a penalty of five dollars.

How To Vindicate the Law.—Strangers and others arriving in the city by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, who shall apply to a hackman for the use of his vehicle and be refused, or who shall be refused, or who shall be refused and resulted to my over and above the

the use of his vehicle and be refused, or who shall be asked and required to pay over and above the legal rates of fare, will observe the number on the hack, and immediately inform the police officer whose duty it is to be in attendance at the depot. That officer will protect the passenger from impofending hacknean.

Any refusal or neglect by the police officer at the

Any refusal or neglect by the police officer at the depot to execute the law in this respect he knows will be followed promptly by his dismissal.

Strangers reaching the depot from steamboater or other places from whom illegal fare is demanded will apply to the police officer in attendance, whose duty it is to ascertain whether the fare demanded be illegal, and if so, to prosecute the offending

READY MADE CLOTHING

T REDUCED PRICES .- As the seas A is advanced, we have determined to sell off the remaining portion of our winter stock at greatly reduced prices; therefore gentleman wish ing to consult economy in purchasing fine Over coats, Talmas Dress, Frock, and Business Coats; Black and Fancy Cashmere Pants; Velvet, Silk, Satin, and Merino Vests; Under Shirts and Drawers, and all other ready made garments of fine quality, will find our present variety to be as well assorted as in the beginning of the season.

with the advantage of much lower prices.
WALL & STEPHENS, 322 Pa avenue, next to Iron Hall.

The New York and Liverpool United States Mall Steamers.
The ships comprising this line are: The Atlantic Captain West The Pacific Captain Nye.

dations for passengers are unequalled for

gance and comfort.
Price of passage from New York to Liverpool An experienced Surgeon attached to each ship No berth secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SALIMS.

Prom New York.

Wed'day. Dec. 27, 1854 | Saturday. Dec. 15, 1854 | WeJ'day. Jan. 10, 1855 | Saturday. Dec. 30, 1854 | WeJ'day. Jan. 24, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 13, 1855 | Wed'day. Feb. 7, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 27, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 28, 1856 | Saturd Wed'day. Feb. 21, 1855 Saturday. Feb. 10, 1855 Wed'day. Mar. 7, 1855 Saturday. Feb. 24, 1855

For freight or pa-sage, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall street, N. Y. BROWN, SHIPLEY & Co., R. G. ROBERTS & Co., 13 King's Arms Yard, Londo B. G. WAINWRIGHT & Co.,

GEO. H. DRAPER, Havre. The owners of these ships will not be accounta ble for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, pre cious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein ex-

COMMENTARIES on the Jurisdiction Practice, and Peculiar Jurisprudence of the Courts of the United States, vol. 1, by George Ticknor Curtis.

History of the Crusades, their Rise, Progress, and Results, by Major Proctor, of the Royal Military Academy.

Cumming's Lectures on the Seven Churches.

On sale at
TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore,
near 9th stre

TAMILIAR QUOTATIONS, A collection of Familiar Quotations, with complete In ces of Authors and Subjects, price \$1. Memorials of Youth and Manhood, by Sidney Willard, two volumes; price \$2.
Ellie, or the Human Comedy, by John Ester
Cooke, author of Virginia Come lians, &c.
TAYLOR & MAURY Cookstore

NOTICE. The undersigned have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting a mercantile business, under the firm of Williams and Son. March 26, 1856. JAMES WILLAMS.

REGULATIONS CONCERNING HACKS PLATFORM OF THE DEMO- upon the Democracy of this country, as the CRATIC PARTY AS ADOPTED party of the people, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby the union of the States—and to sustain and advance VENTION.

Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patri-otism and the discriminating justice of the

American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinc-Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our creed which we are proud to embrace and uphold the Union as it is, and to maintain before the world as a great element the Union as it should be—in the full expanin a form of government springing from and upheld by a popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the vote of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the

popular credulity.

Resolved, Therefore, That entertaining these Union. views, the Democratic party of the Union, through their delegates assembled in a general convention of the States, convening together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative government, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert before the American people the declarations of principles avowed by them, when, on former occasions, in general convention, they presented their candidates for the popular suffrages.

1. That the federal government is one of liberal powers, derived solely from the Constitution of the contraction of the contraction

tution, and the grants of power made therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exer-cise doubtful constitutional powers.

2. That the Constitution does not confer apon the general government the power to mmence and carry on a general system of in-

ternal improvements. 3. That the Constitution does not confer au 3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the federal government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local internal improvements, or other State purposes; nor would such assumption be just or expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the federal government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to cherish the interests of one portion to the in-

cherish the interests of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen and every section of the country has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and a complete and ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence and for-

eign aggression.

5. That it is the duty of every branch of the

within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and will of the peoation in this and all other financial measures wo political parties of the country, have | States demonstrated to practical men of all parties their soundness, safety and utility in all busi-

ness pursuits. 7. That the separation of the moneys of the dispensable for the safety of the funds of the Government and the rights of the people.

8. That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty, and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the privilege of be-coming citizens and owners of soil among us ought to be resisted with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our

statute book. 9. That Congress has no power under the Constitution to interfere with or control the domestic institutions of the several States, and that all such States are the sole and proper judges of everything appertaining to their own affairs not prohibited by the Constitution; that all efforts of the abolitionists or others made to induce Congress to interfere with questions of slavery, or to take incipient steps in relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most alarming and dangerous consequences, and that all such efforts have an inevitable tendency to diminish the happiness of the people and endanger the stability and permanency of the Union, and ought not to be countenanced by

any friend of our political institutions. Resolved, That the foregoing proposition covers and was intended to embrace the whole subject of slavery agitation in Congress, and therefore the Democratic party of the Union, standing on this national platform, will abide by and adhere to a faithful execution of the acts known a the compromise measures settled by Congress, the act for reclaiming fugitives from service or labor included; which act being designed to carry out an express provision of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity thereto, be repealed, or so changed as to destroy or

impair its efficiency.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing in Congress, or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may

Resolved, That the proceeds of the lands ought to be sacredly applied to the national objects specified in the Constitution, and that we are opposed to any law for the distribution of such proceeds among the States, as alike inexpedient in policy and repugnant to the Constitution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opport taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under restrictions and responsibilities amply sufficient to guard the public interests, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical dominion of the Bank of the United States, and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

Resalved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1792 and 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia Legislature in 1799—that it adopts those principles as constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out on their obvious meaning and import. That in view of the condition of the popular institution in the Old World, a high and sacred

among them constitutional liberty, by continu-ing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legis-lation for the benefit of the few, at the expense of the many, and by a vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromises sion of the energies and capacity of this great and progressive people.

The first part of the report embraces the general principles of the last Convention, and re-affirms the Baltimore platform of 1852. It

then proceeds as follows: AND WHEREAS, since the foregoing declara-tion was numerously adopted by our predeces-sors in National Conventions, an adverse political and religious test has been secretly organized by a party claiming to be exclusively Americans, and it is proper that the American Democracy should clearly define its relations thereto: Therefore—

Resolved, That the foundation of this Union

of States having been laid in its prosperity, expansion, and pre-eminent example in free government, built upon entire freedom in matters of religious concern, and no respect of persons in regard to rank or place of birth, no party can justly be deemed national, constitutional, or in accordance with American principles which bases its exclusive organization upon religious opinions and accidental birth-

That we reiterate with renewed energy rmer Conventions upon the sectional issue of domestic slavery, and concerning the reserved rights of the States, and that we may more distinctly meet the issue on which a sectional party, subsisting exclusively on slavery agita-tion, now relies to test the fidelity of the peo-ple, North and South, to the Constitution and the Union— Resolved, That, claiming fellowship with a

desiring the co-operation of all who regard the preservation of the Union, under the Constitution, as the paramount issue, and repudia-ting all sectional parties and platforms concerning domestic slavery, which seek to embroil States and incite to treason and armed resistance to law in the Territories; and whose avowed purposes, if consummated, must end in civil war and disunion, the American Democracy recognise and adopt the principles contained in the organic laws establishing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska as 5. That it is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenpenses of the Government, and for gradual but certain extinction of the public debt.

6. That Congress has no power to charter a National Bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interest of our country, daugerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people, and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and will of the people of the most of the people of the slavery question upon which the great national idea of the people of this whole country can repose in its determined to the construction of the Union, non-interference by Congress with slavery in States and Territory, or in the District of Columbia; that this was the basis of the compromises of 1850, confirmed by both the Democratic and Whig parties in National Conventions, ratified by the people in the election of 1852, and rightly applied to the organization of Territories in 1854; that the uniform application of evils of tenfold magnitude to those which it proposes to heal.

"Resolved, That the equality of the States is the vital element of the Constitution itself, and the trights of the Vital element of the Constitution itself, and the vital element of the Constitution itself, and the vital element of the Constitution itself, and Territories in States and Territory, or in the District of Columbia; that this was the basis of the compromises of the people by both the Democratic and Whig parties in National Conventions, ratified by the people in the election of 1852, and rightly applied to the organization of Territories in 1854; that the uniform application of the states is a nation, and therefore our serious destination of the people of this whole country on the Union, non-interference by States, by th cation of this Democratic principle to the orole; and that the results of Democratic legis- ganization of Territories and the admission of new States, with or without domestic slavery, upon which issues have been made between as they may elect, the equal rights of all the late, and the perpetuation and expansion of embracing, in peace and harmony, every future | and to the earnest teachings and practice of it American State that may be constituted or earliest and most honored administrators, annexed with a republican form of Govern-

Resolved. That we recognize the right of the pe ple of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska, acting through the legally and fairly expressed will of a majority of actual residents, and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a constitution, with or without domestic slavery, and be admitted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the

Resolved, That, in view of the condition of the popular institutions of the Old World, and the dangerous tendencies of sectional agitation, combined with the attempt to enforce civil and religious disabilities against the rights of acquiring citizenship in our own land, a high and sacred duty has devolved an increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country, as the party of the Union, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby to sustain and advance among us constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legislation for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and by vigilant adherence to those principles justice to all men, of all sections of the Conand the compromises of the Constitution which are broad and strong enough to embrace and of our Government, and which was defined as uphold the Union as it was, the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be in the full expansion of the energies and capacity of this great

progressive people. Resolved, That the questions connected with the foreign policy of the country are inferior to no domestic question whatever; that the time has come when the people of the United States should declare themselves in favor of free seas, of progressive free trade throughout the world, nd by solemn manifestations place their moral influence by the side of their successful

example.

Resolved, That our geographical and political position with reference to other States of this continent, no less than the interest of our commerce and the development of our growing power, requires that we hold sacred the principles involved in the Monroe doctrine; that their bearing and import should admit of no misconstruction, and should be applied with

mediately interested in its maintenance, has been marked out for a free communication between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and

Resolved, That, in view of so commanding an interest, the people of the United States cannot but sympathize with the efforts which are being made by the people of Central America to regenerate that portion of the continent which covers the passage across the oceanic Resolved, That the Democratic party

expect of the next Administration that every proper effort will be made to insure our ascenlency in the Gulf of Mexico; te maintain a

WASHINGTON SENTINEL

BEVERLEY TUCKER.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT, JAMES BUCHANAN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, OF KENTUCKY.

permanent protection of the great outlets products raised upon the soil, and the com-modities created by the industry of the people of our Western valleys and the Union at large.

PLATFORM OF JAMES BUCHANAN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

"Resolved, That in the present distracted condition of parties, in which sectional and partial issues have been allowed to attain a dangerous supremacy, we recognise in the policy of the Democratic party, that which rests upon the Constitution as its basis; and that it is the party which above all others has, in the language of the illustrious Madison, ever continued 'to hold the Union of the States as continued 'to hold the Union of the States as the basis of their peace and happiness; to support the Constitution, which is the cement of the Union, as well in its limitations as its authorities; to respect the rights and authorities reserved to the States and to the people, as equally incorporated with, and essential to, the success of the general system; and to avoid the slightest interference with the rights of conscience or the functions of religion, so wisely exempted from civil jurisdiction.

"Resolved, That by the general consent of the wise and virtuous of all nations, the framers of the Republic of the United States exhibited, in their individual characters and in the result of their public deliberations, a degree of virtue

their public deliberations, a degree of virtue their public deliberations, a degree of virtue and a practical statesmanship to which the history of the world affords no parallel; that in no part of the Federal compact is the wisdom of our Fathers more conspicuous, than in leaving the whole question of slavery to the States in their separate capacities, and that in the provision for the re-delivery of fugitives escaped from labor or service, they demonstrated a sense of justice, an appreciation of the value of the Union, an attachment to its preservation, an avoidance of one-sided philanthropy and impracticable theories of government, which present a proper example for the guidance and imitation of us their descendants.

present a proper example for the guidance and imitation of us their descendants.

"Resolved, That we look only to the Constitution, and the exposition thereof which has been afforded by the practices of the Democratic administrations, for the chart of our policy. That these constitute, until the fundamental law is changed by methods which itself provides, the highest law of our obedience as citizens; and that we utterly discard that particular and example aggregated sympathy, the attempt to carry aggerated sympathy, the attempt to carry which into practice is at the peril of our dear-

est interests as a nation, and threatens the in-fliction of evils of tenfold magnitude to those-which it proposes to heal.

"Resolved, That the equality of the States is the vital element of the Constitution itself, and

of the government by anti-slavery agitat under the various names and phases of Free-Soilism, Anti-Nebraskaism, Fusionism, and Re-publicanism, and by interfering with the rights compacts of the Constitution maintained invio- a qualification for office, by the secret oath-bound society of the Know-nothings, is opposed both this Union ensured to its utmost capacity of to the letter and the spirit of the Constitution,

"Resolved, That we are now as ever unalterably opposed to the doctrines and designs of all organizations which contemplate the overthrow of the civil and religious rights of the citizen, which, like the equality of the States, is a sacred and inalienable right, never to be interfered with by factious parties and reckless legislation, without a subversion of the primary objects of our political system, and a repudiation of the guarantees of the past, and the hopes of the future.

"Resolved, That in the repeal of the act known

as the Missouri Compromise act, and the pas-sage of the act organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, free from unconstitutional restrictions, the last Congress performed work of patriotic sacrifice, in meeting the demands of sectional excitement by unshaken adherence to the fundamental law "Resolved, That this legislation cannot be deemed unnecessary, but that it was expedient to meet the questions of which it disposed, and which could never admit of a more easy settlement than at present. That we recognize in it the application to the Territories of the United States of the rule of 'equal and exact

one of its essential principles by the immortal "Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania, following the counsel of some of the wisest statesmen of the North and South, were ready on more than one occasion in the past to extend the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific, so as to make it the basis of a final set-Pacific, so as to make it the basis of a final set-tlement of the question of slavery in the Terri-tories; but when this proposition was rejected, in 1848, on the ground that it involved an un-due concession to the South, by the very men who now clamor for a restoration of the Mis-souri line, there seemed to be but one wise alternative left, and that was to refer the whole question of slavery in the Territories to the deem proper; and we, therefore, cheerfully ex-tend our hearty support to the policy of the Government as recognized in the compromise measures of 1850, and embodied in the laws organizing the Territories of Kansas and Ne

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constitutes one of the most important achievements realized by the spirit of modern times and the unconquerable energy of our people; that this result should be secured by the timely and efficient control which we have a right to claim over it; that no power on earth should be suffered to impede or clog its progress; nor should we allow any interference with the relations which it may suit our policy to establish with the Government of States within whose dominion it lies; that we can, under no circumstances, surrender our preponderance in the adjustment of all questions arising out of it.

Resolved, That, in view of so commanding an interest, the people of the United States represent that we reached the surrest cannot prevent it, as an tules are given to the ground. Corner of 10th street, over Savings Bank

N. B. Office hours from 10 a m., to 12 m, where pamphlets containing the Charter, By-laws, and a Map of the Grounds, and all other information can be obtained.
All orders left with Mr. James F. Harvy 410, 7th street, or any other undertaker, will be promptly attended to.

June 19-1y

BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL WASHINGTON CITY.